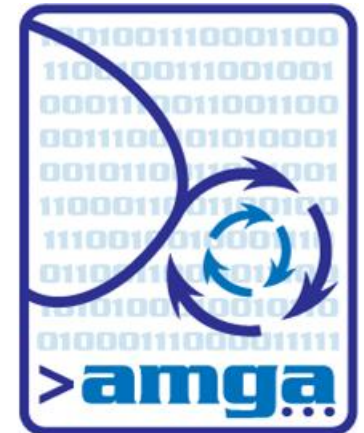


Design and Implementation of WS-DAIR for AMGA

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I. Overview of AMGA

II. Integration of WS-DAIR

III. Performance Study

IV. OGSA-DAI WS-DAIR vs. AMGA WS-DAIR

V. Issues

VI. Future Work

What is WS-DAIR ?

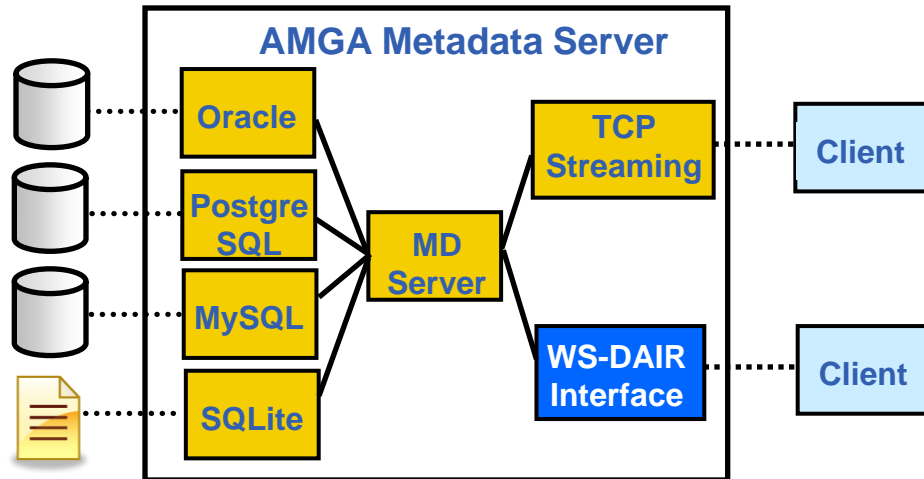
- **AMGA(ARDA Metadata Grid Application)**
- **Began as prototype to evaluate the Metadata Interface**
 - Evaluated by community since the beginning:
 - Matured quickly thanks to users feedback
- **Metadata Catalogue of EGEE's gLite 3.1 Middleware**
- **Currently AMGA is used**
 - metadata catalog
 - simplified DB access service on the Grid

- **Requirements from HEP community**
 - Millions of files, 6000+ users, 200+ computing centres
 - Mainly (real-only) file metadata
 - **Main concerns : scalability, performance, fault-tolerance, Support for Hierarchical Collection**
- **Requirements from Biomed community**
 - Smaller scale than HEP
 - **Main concerns : Security**
- **AMGA in preproduction with several projects**
 - LHCb, GANGA, gLibrary, MDM, WISDOM



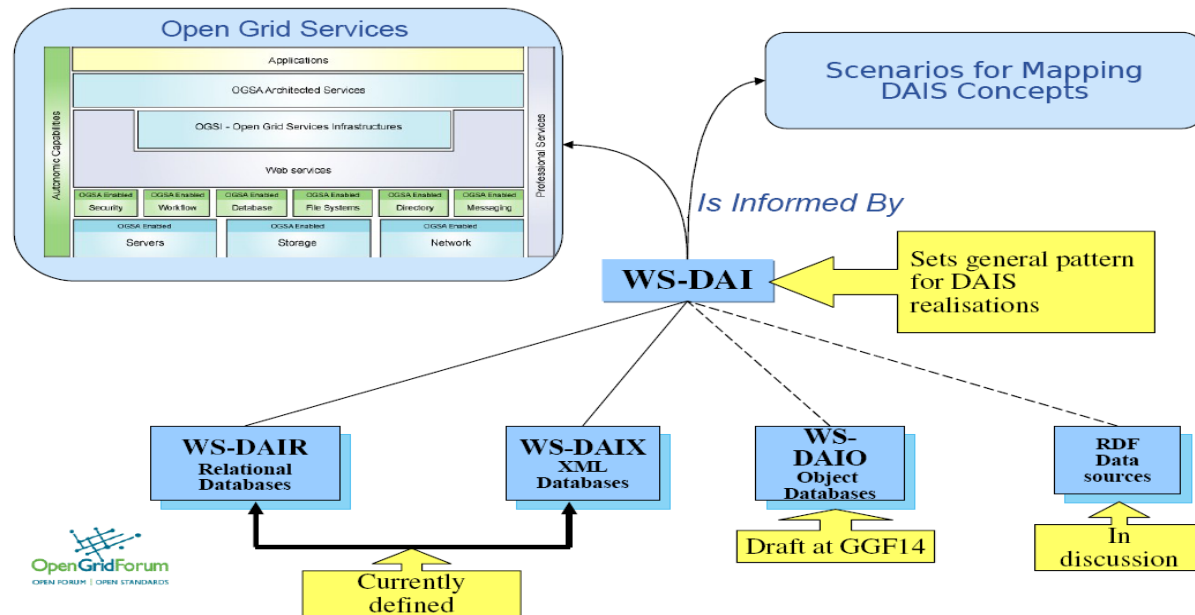
Main Feature of AMGA

- **Modular back-end**
 - Oracle, PostgreSQL, MySQL, SQLite
- **Modular front-end**
 - TCP Streaming, **WS-DAIR**
- **Hierarchical Organisation**
 - Metadata organised in a tree-like structure
- **Security : SSL, GSI, VOMS, and ACL**
- **Replication : Master/Slave Model**
- **Import existing databases to AMGA**
- **Language**
 - AMGA Metadata Language, SQL-92 Direct Data Statement

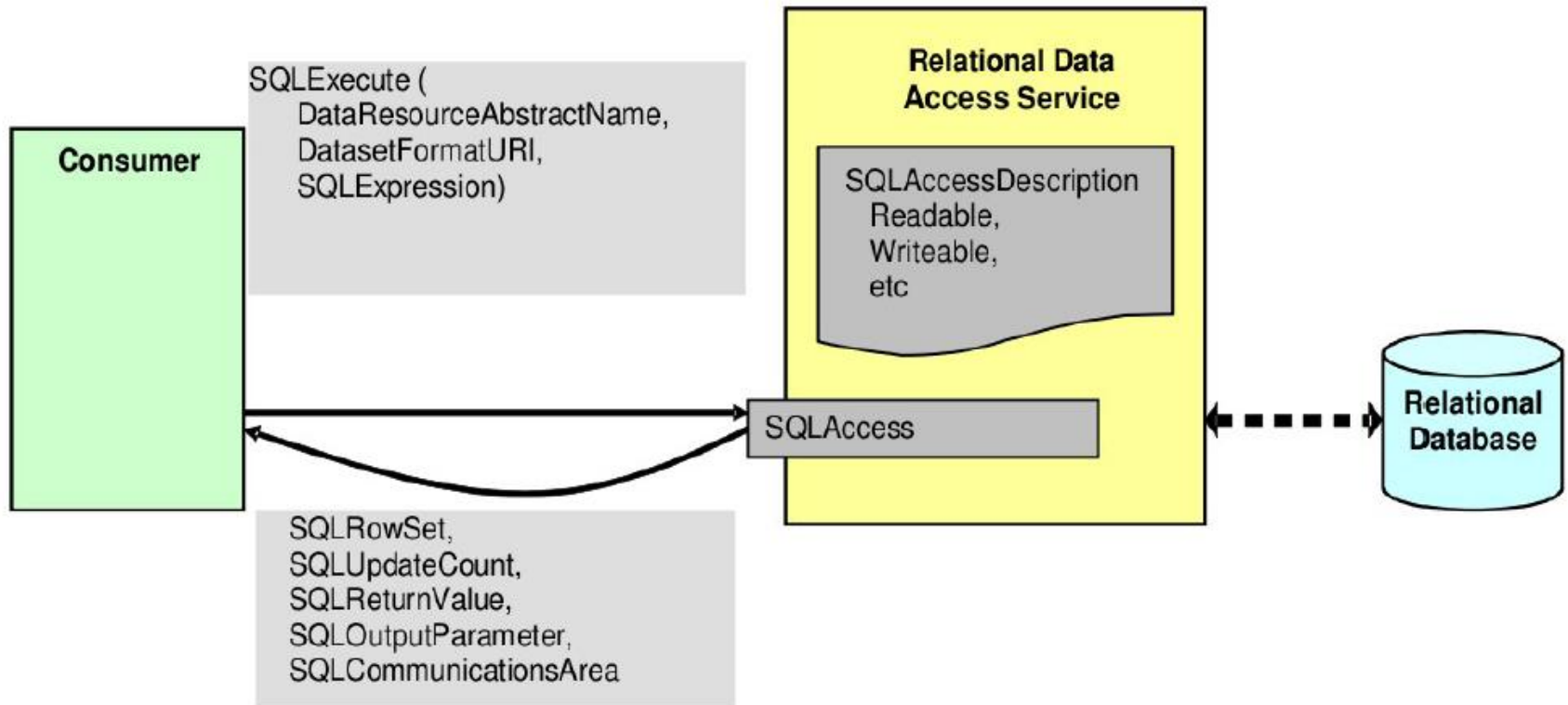


What is WS-DAIR ?

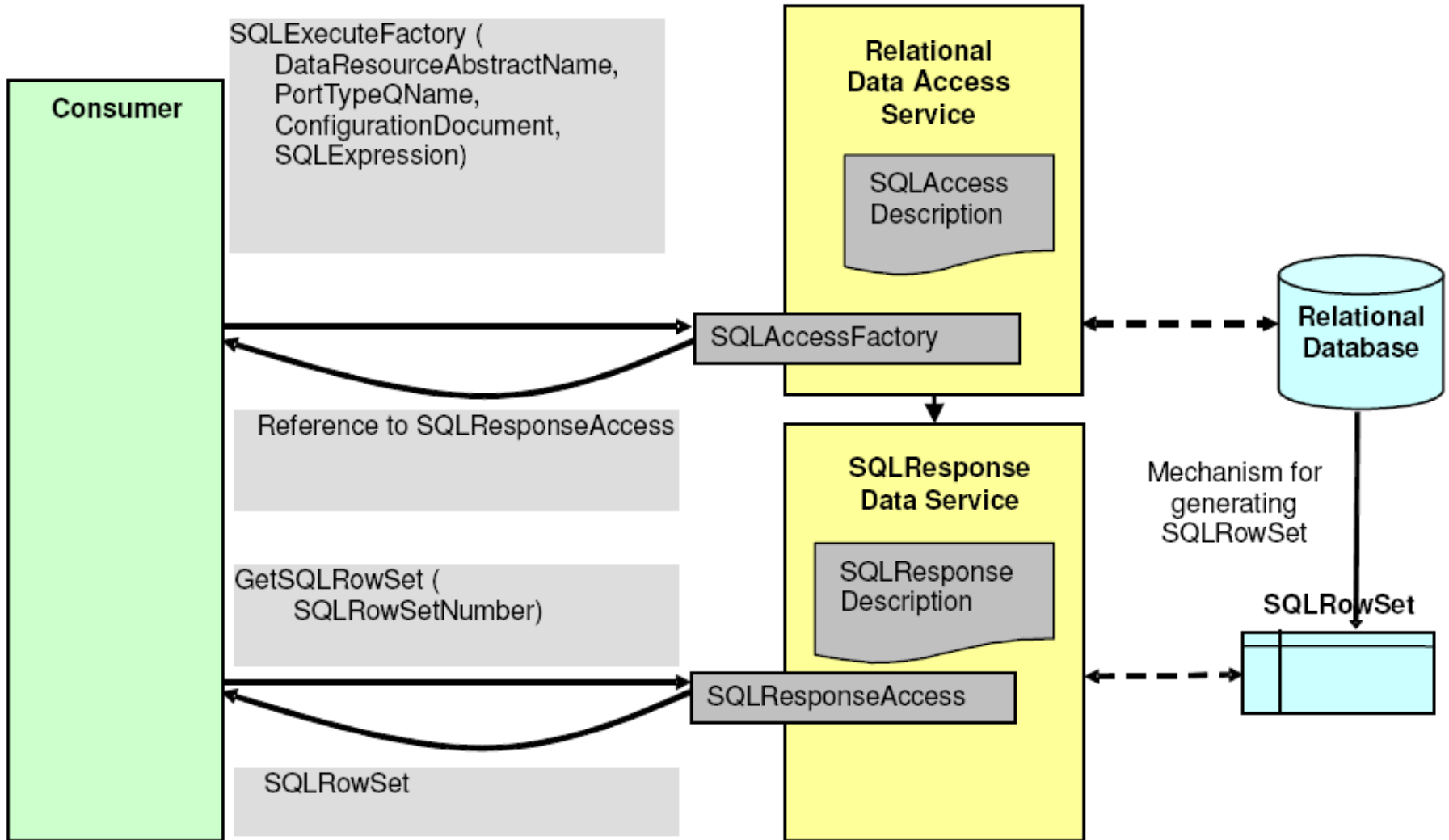
- **Web Services Data Access and Integration - The Relational Realization**
- **Proposed OGF standards Recommendation for access to relational DB's on the Grid**
 - Allows AMGA a seamless integration into the OGF standardized Grid Data Access Services



Direct Data Access

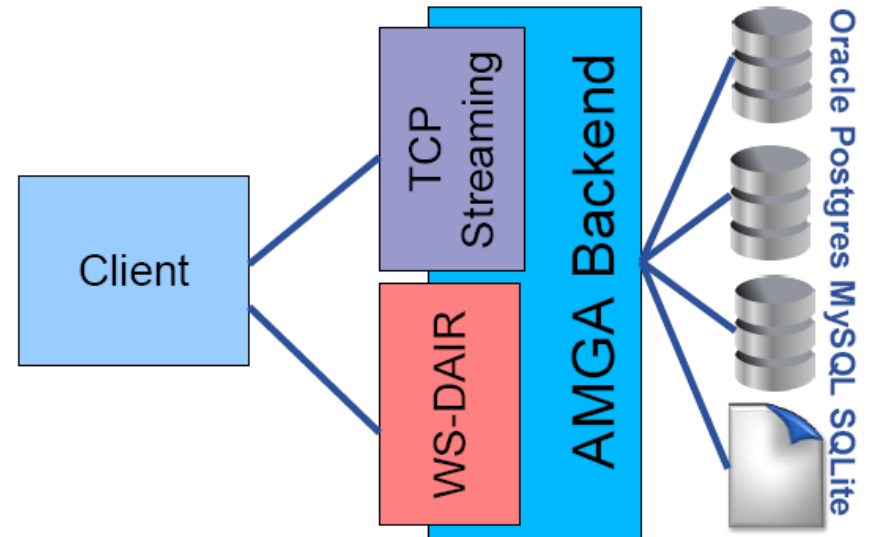


Indirect Data Access



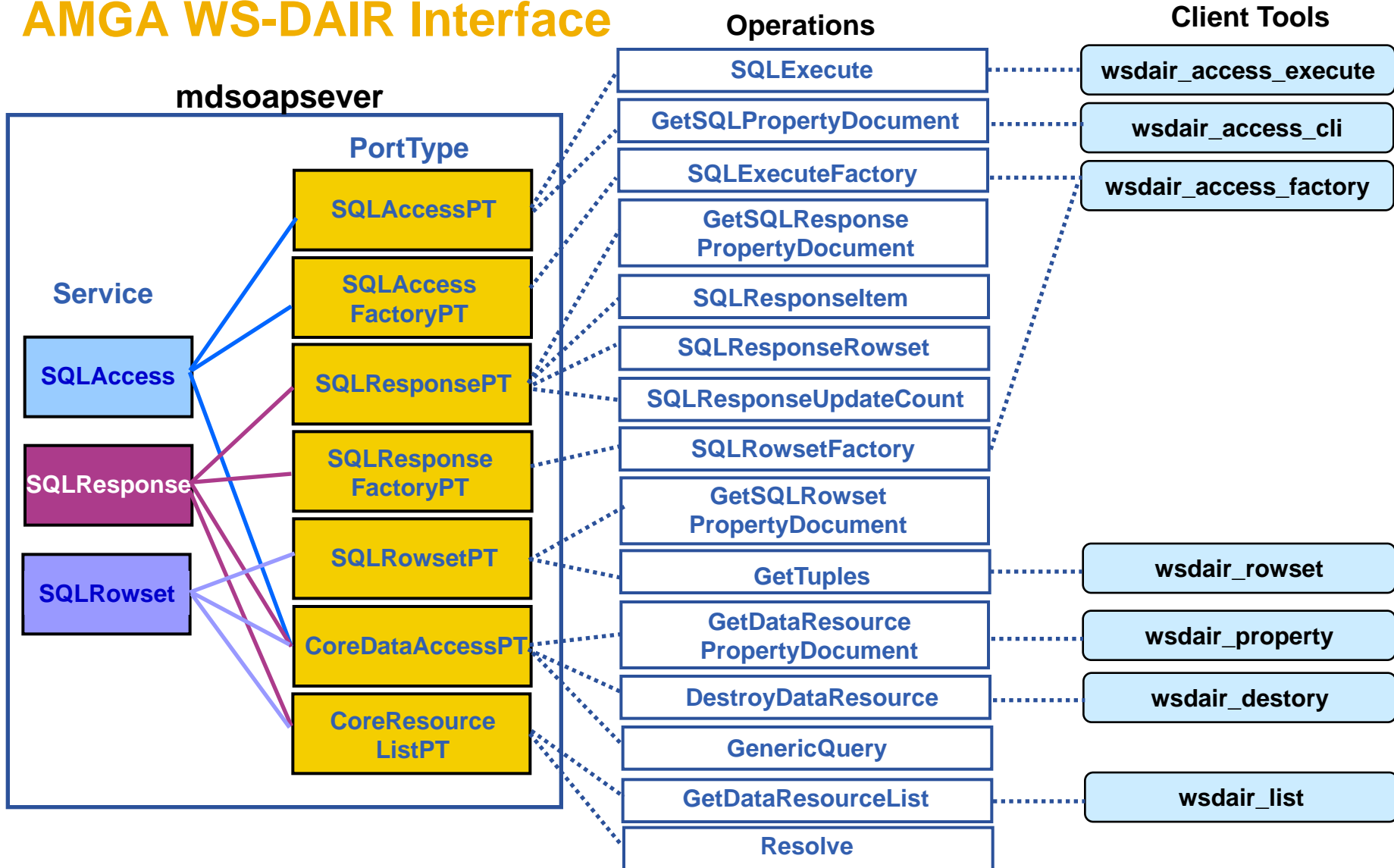
AMGA-DAIR Integration

- WS-DAIR interface replaces the existing SOAP interface, written in gSOAP:



- Implementation of direct access
- Implementation of indirect access
- Data returned in Sun's WebRowSet specification
- All queries use Native SQL language

AMGA WS-DAIR Interface



AMGA WS-DAIR Interface Implementation

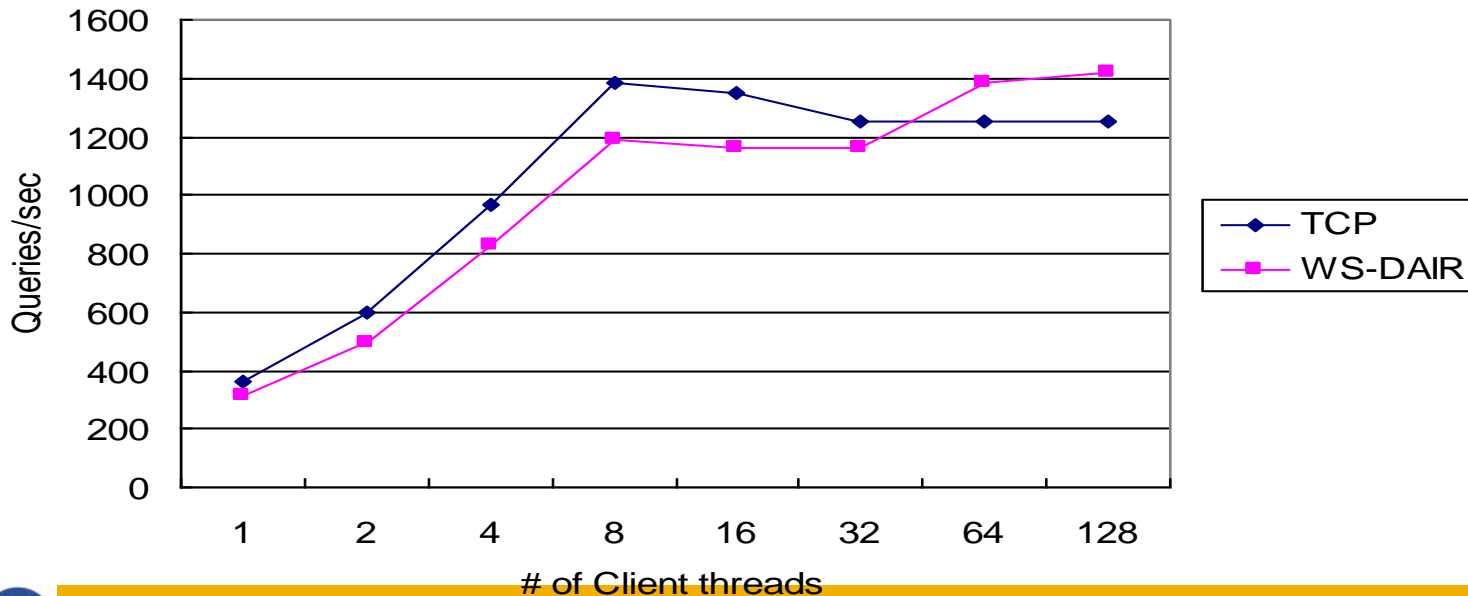
- **Written in C++ (gSOAP)**
 - SOAP Binding : document/literal
 - **Given WSDLs in WS-DAIR specification were used with few modification**
- **Features**
 - Supported Dataset Format : SUN JDBC WebRowSet (default)
 - Supported Language : SQL-92 Direct Data Statement, AMGA Metadata Language
- **Security : SSL, GSI, VOMS, and ACL**
- **Indirect Data Access Service**
 - **Data for a new indirect service is stored as a DB VIEW**

Client Tools

- `$ wsdaire_access_cli "SELECT * FROM /simulation"`
....
- `$ wsdaire_access_factory "SELECT * FROM /simulation"`
http://.....:8833/SQLResponse/responses487_19
- `$ wsdaire_rowset -P 0 -C 1 http://.....:8833/SQLResponse/responses487_19`
- `$ wsdaire_list`
http://.....:8833/SQLResponse/responses487_19
- `$ wsdaire_property http://.....:8833/SQLResponse/responses487_19`
- `$ wsdaire_destroy http://.....:8833/SQLResponse/responses487_19`

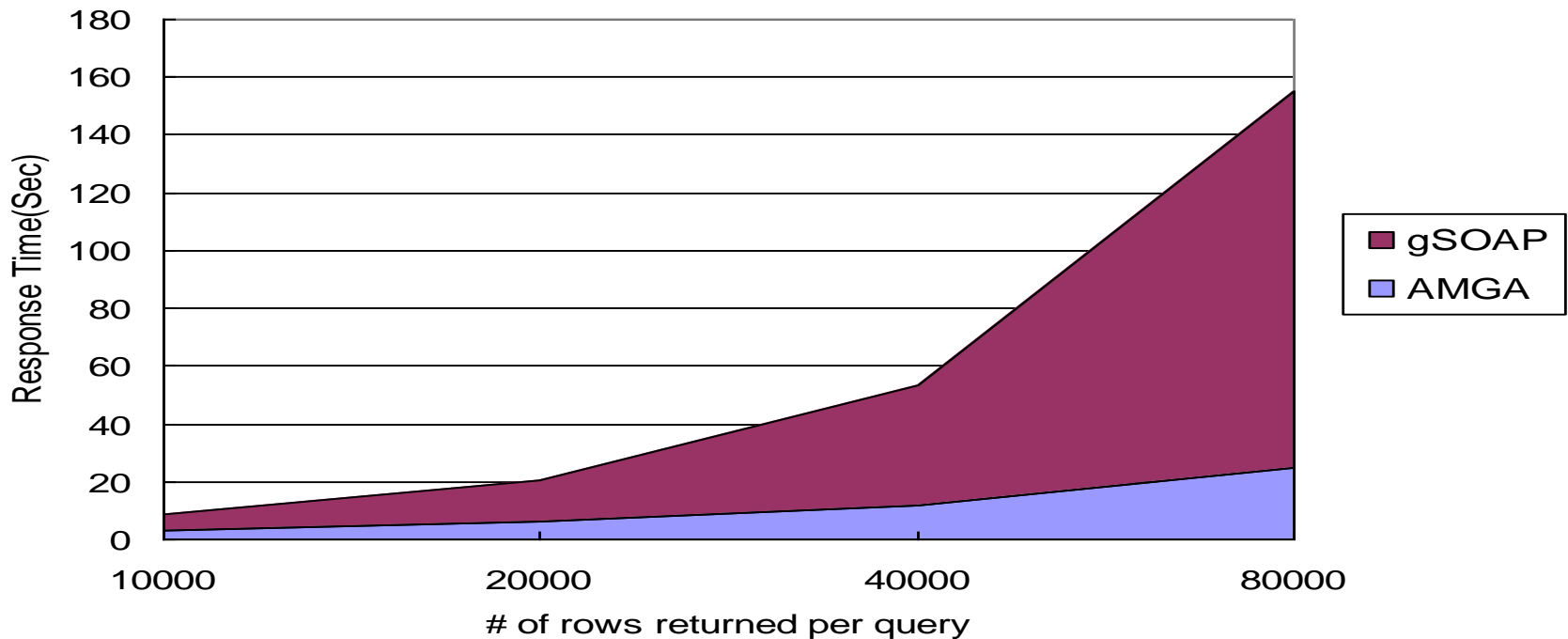
Performance Study : Throughput

- **Testing Environment (Direct Data Access)**
 - DB : the simulation table used for the WISDOM project
 - One row with two attributes was retrieved by each query
- **Results**
 - Little difference between TCP/IP streaming and WS-DAIR SOAP
 - Maximum Throughput : about 1,400 queries / sec



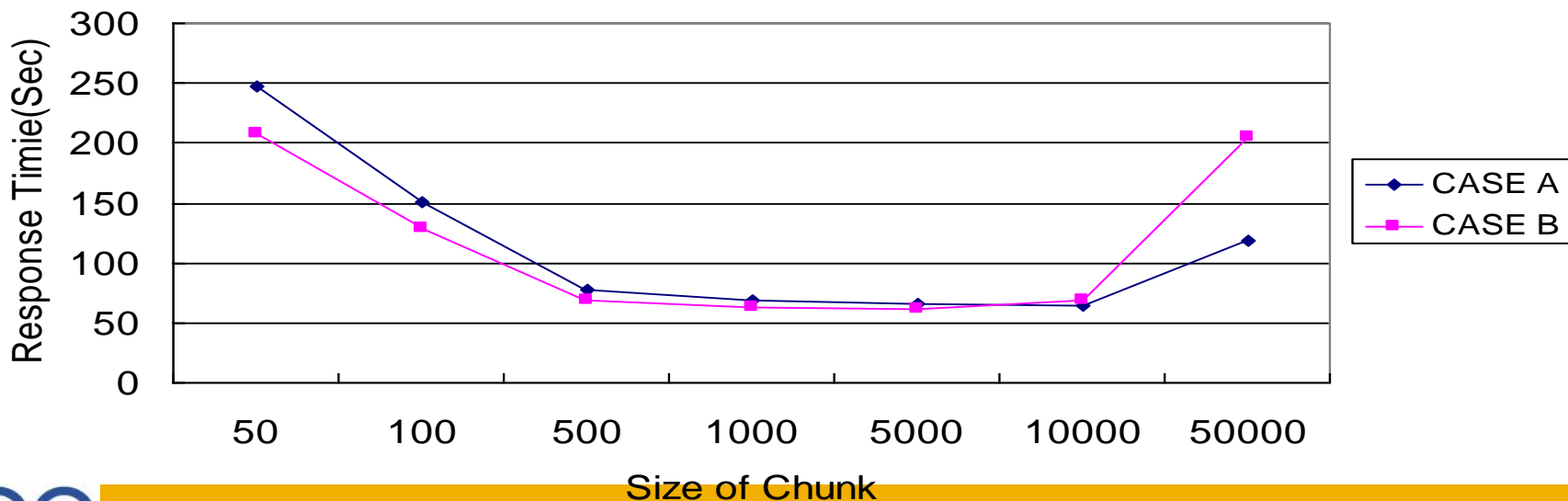
Performance Study : Response Time

- Testing on response time taken to retrieve various # of rows per query
 - DB : average 4.5Kbyte per row, 19 columns (ligand table in WISDOM)
- Results
 - Response time increases exponentially when # of rows increases



Performance Study : Response Time

- Testing on response time taken to retrieve 100,000 rows with various chunk size (Indirect Data Access)
 - Case A : 4.5Kbyte for each row, 19 columns (ligand table)
 - Case B : 250byte for each row, 32 columns (simulation table)
- Results
 - Minimum response time : in around a chunk of 1,000 rows
 - Response time depends on # of elements in a SOAP message rather than the size of data in case of a large size of chunk



	OGSA-DAI WS-DAIR	AMGA WS-DAIR
Dev. Tools	Axis, Java	gSoap, C++
SOAP binding	rpc/literal	document/literal
Supported DBMS	MySQL, (tested) Oracle, DB2, PostgreSQL ..	PostgreSQL, MySQL, SQLite Oracle (partially)
Security Feature	NO	SSL, GSI, VOMS, and ACL
# of databases supported in a service	Many	1 (AMGA metadata DB)
Supported Language	SQL-92	- SQL-92 Entry Level Direct Data Statement - AMGA Metadata Language
Supported Dataset Format	WRS, CSV	WRS
Throughput	Tens of queries per sec	Hundreds of queries

1. Handling Large Size of data

- Requesting very large size of data may cause the service crash.
- Possible Solutions
 - returns error message on Requesting too large size of data
 - Streaming : not defined in SOAP 1.1 & WSDL 1.1
 - MTOM (SOAP 1.2)
 - DIME (extension of WSDL 1.1)

2. Response time increases exponentially when # of elements in a SOAP message increases

- Other very simple Dataset Formats other than WebRowSet will be examined (e.g. csv)

3. Interoperability between AMGA WS-DAIR vs OGSA-DAI WS-DAIR

- Due to different soap binding type between two S/W to communicate with each other is impossible up to now.

Future Work

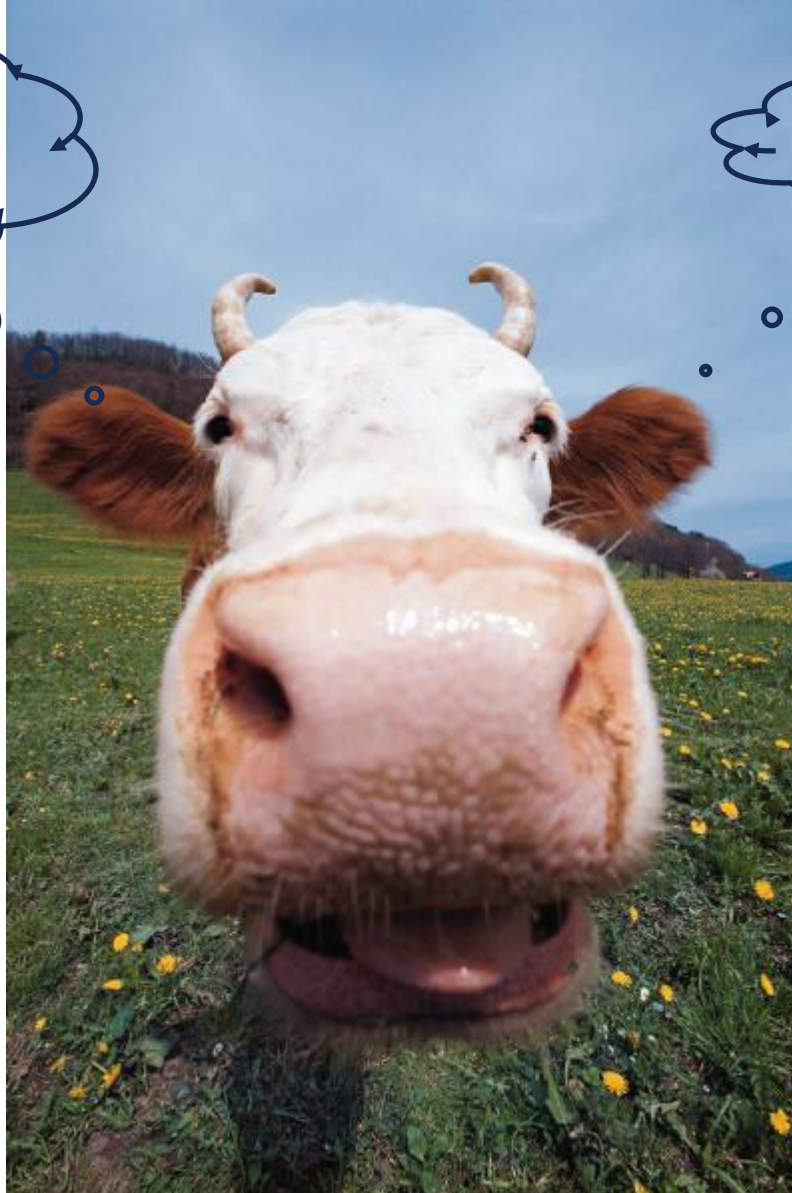
- Handling very large size data
- Interoperability against OGSA-DAI WS-DAIR in OGF

Release

- 2.0 : WS-DAIR support (Spring 2009)

Thank You for
your attention!

Questions?



Modified WSDLs in WS-DAIR specification

- **SQLExpression** in **<WS-DAIR Appendix A.2 SQLAccess WSDL>**

```
<!--xsd:element abstract="true" name="SQLExpression"
type="wsdair:SQLExpressionType"/ -->
<xsd:element abstract="false" name="SQLExpression"
type="wsdair:SQLExpressionType"/>
```

- **DatasetDataType** in **<WS-DAI Appendix A.1 Core XML Schema>**

```
<xsd:complexType name="DatasetDataType" mixed="true">
<xsd:sequence>
<!--xsd:any namespace="##any" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"
<xsd:element ref="wrs:webRowSet" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" />
</xsd:sequence>
</xsd:complexType>
```